

## Tamás Hertelendy 1481 - ?

Tamás appears for the first time in Zala in 1481 -, who was then already a royal person, and from whom the voluminous family tree can be traced without interruption to the present day.

In response to his complaint in 1486, the county held an investigation into the abuse of power in his private forest. At that time, he was already written as "Laki" in the certificates, so he was not only an owner here, but could also live here and was already a noble man. But at the same time he had property in Dyas too. \_\_\_\_\_

János Gechye (perhaps Gechey) Szentgyörgyvár on May 29, 1492, the mayoress and deputy lord of Zala County issues a decree in which to investigate and resolve the misunderstanding and injustice between Miklós Eustáni and László Keresztúri who appeared before him personally - László Cheneházi, László Bezerédj, Dániel Kustáni and Tamás Hertelendi and many more named - he sends a representative and instructs Mihály Dezsý Szentandrásí to pronounce the verdict so that it is announced to him.

In 1500, the county authorities inquire (?) at the request of Tamás and Mátyás.

Although these are also listed in 1501.

In 1500 and 15001 Egregy owner is Tamás. (When Miklós Foki's sons and his widow were included in the Dánielkarmacs and Vindornyaszylys parts in 1501, Tamás was also among the bordering neighbors. Because the borders of Karmacs and Egregy villages are still adjacent today.)

Tamás's wife was Dorottya.

Their children:

1. Bernát, who is already listed with his father in 1486.
2. Margit is mentioned in 1548, when Kustán, claw, Mud supplement and Devecser, - he could do it before - receives estates with his peers from the king.
3. Matthias may have been the youngest of Tamás's children.